LITAH AND THE "MORMONS."

The committee on territories, to whom was referred the bill (H. R.

convert this public domain into States as fast as population and conditions

they occupy and develop a part of

In the consideration of this subpopulation, resources, and material

The proponents of this constitution,

The population of Utah is now The yearly productions may be

Grain and hav products .

The annual yield of farm and garden products, and profits of stock raising and of the wool clip, is esti-

The output of the coal mines of

The output of precious minerals in 1888 at sea-hoard value was 10.983.-

telegraphic husiness, amounted to Salt Lake City alone for 1888, as they appear by the records of that county, aggregated 5,355,666.58 dol-

There are 1,140 miles of railway in operation in Utah, and several new lines in course of construction and

Telegraph lines connect all the principal settlements, and the tele-

phone and electric light are extensively used in the larger towns. that 110,000,000 dollars: the aggregate of property ie placed at 250,000-000 dollars, exclusive of mines, which

The records of the land office show that there have been, since its openand 11,056 pre-emption filings for

The private ownership of the land tracts. The average is not to exceed 70 acres to each owner. The Territory is conspicuously free from land 32,968, of which 30,721 are Mormon,

monopoly. The people generally own the government.

The manufacturing interests are varied and of increasing magnitude. Among these are flour mills woolenhoeiery, silk, hroom, hrush, sash, door, and molding factories; iron, glass, erage, refining, and smelting works; foundries, potteries, machine-shops, lime-kilns, brick-yards, coment-yards,

MINERAL RESOURCES.

The mineral deposits include gold, siver, lead, sine and copper, the finest marbles, white and colored granite. there are also antimony, sulphur, gypsum, manganese, and heds of asphaltum, ozokerite, ochers, besides petroleum, natural gas, etc. The precious metals have yielded during the lest heds and salt deposits are practically

valuable minerals are made every The Tetritorial Legislature has promarized se follows, the particulars being taken from the etatutes of Utah and from the report to Congress for

There are 24 counties in the Terridistricts, and in these districts there There are 641 teachers and assistants, and of these 40 are non-Mor-

The school population (between the 54,943, of which 47,371 are Mormon, The number of scholars enrolled is and 2,267 non-Mormon: (Com. Re-

port, pp. 9, 10). How schools are maintained.

These schools are supported as follows:
By a Territorial tex of 3 mills on the dollar for payment of teachers. Trastees are elected by the tax payers in each district, and these trustees are authorized to levy and collect an

are sutherized to levy and collect an additional tax of one-fourth of 1 per cent, for general school purpose; and by a vote of a majority of the taxpayers in any district a further tax, up to 3 per cent, may be seesed and collected for school purposes. (Com. Report, ps. 2, 34.)

The value of district school property is 542,755.21 dollars. (Foot., p. 12). The amount paid for school teachers and appliances for schools for the year ending June 20, 1888, was 293,-085 dollars. (Foot., p. 15.)

The text books sued to these schools are as follows: Beaseroft's Readers, Harrimgenob (winded Spaller, Agelsen Spaller), Agelsen Spaller, Krait Spaller, Spaller, Agelsen Spaller, Krait Spaller, Spalle

UNIVERSITY.

In addition to the foregoing these as the University of Describ, which is in part supported by Territorial funds. It is open to all, and 30 students yearly are admitted upon condition that they become teachers in the district schools (156d, p. 24). All of the above-mentioned schools are non-sectarian; no deacominational benefits are the support of the section of t

DENOMINATION

 In the Mormon schools the scholars enrolled are 620 Mormons and 10 non-Mormons. In the other denominations the

scholars enrolled are 2,277 Mormons and 3,773 non-Mormons (Ibid., p. 13). It is very apparent from the stabilities above given that the provisions for education are worthy of the highest commondation, and the results prove their value.

The average duration of schools in Usah in a year is 140 days. Only twelve States and one Territory and the District of Columbia have a higher

awarage.

ILLIYERACY.

The fruits of this school system are

about in the fact that the percentage of illiteracy is lower than the average of the country; and there are only thirteen of the States and Turitories that show a lower percentage of persons who cannot read. Connecticut and Utah have the

same, namely, 3.37.
Leaving out of view persons of color, the following table from the last census report gives the comparison of illiteracy in Utah as compared with the aggregate of the State and

Native shister, 10 years and over 3.9 8.7 11.8 12.0 Whites, 10 to 14 years 10.7 11.9 12.0 Whites, 15 to 21 " 4.9 7.2 Whites, 21 years and over 8.9 9.4 It cannot be, and is not discuted

that the educational facilities in Utah are of a high order of excellence, and the effect is shown in the statistics above presented.

Of churches other than Mormon there are 65 in the Territory, holding oburch property of the value of 540,000 dollars, and having 108 ministers. These are Catholic Episcopalian, Presbyterian, Methodize, Congregational, Baptists, &c.

MORAL STATUS OF UTAIK.

The population of the Territory
may be classified, generally, as folss lows;—

It is universally conceded that no

generally are moral, industrious, and law-abiding. While this is true as to this population as an entirety, it is especially true as to the Mormon portion of it. Their characteristics in these respects are indicated by the

Governor West, in his report to the Secretary of the Interior for 1888,

BOYS :-I shall not arraign the Mormon people Dr. Miller, editor of the Omaha

To the lasting honor of the Mormon peo-

Bishop Spaulding, in the Forum of The Mormons are soher, industrious, and

Mrs. Emily PittStevens, editor of the

The testimony of Bayard Taylor. the illustrious traveler and author

The Mormons as a people are the most Governor Stevenson, of Idaho, in

Paris (Bear Loke County) has a popula-

The Governor of Arizona bears

That the affairs of this territory that there is no Territorial indebtedness except 150,000 dollars, which was

The legislature had appropriated

75,000 dollars for a reform school, 25,000 dollars for a capitol building, 150,000 dollars in 5 per cent, honds

There has been no case of official embezziement or malfeasance in office From what has now been stated it

reason of her geographical position,

Searchers after the truth can receive further information from an Elder of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day